

DAWSON COLLEGE

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

FINAL EXAMINATION

CALCULUS-III (201-BZF-05)

Ma 24, 2012

Time: 14:00-17:00 . . .

Instructor: W.R. Fournier and T. Kengatharam

Name:

ID:

Instructor:

- Translation and regular dictionaries are permitted.
- Scientific non-programmable calculators are permitted.
- Print your name and ID in the provided space.
- This examination booklet must be returned intact.

The examination is closed book. Please do not use any notes or materials.
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- (3) [5 marks] Find a power series expansion for $f(x) = \frac{x}{(x+2)^2}$. (You may use $\frac{1}{1-x} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} x^n$.)

- (4) [5 marks] Given that $\sin x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n x^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!}$, find a power series expansion for $\cos(x + \frac{\pi}{4})$.

(5) [5 marks] Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve $\underline{r}(t) = (\cos t; \sin t; t)$ at the point $(-1; 0; \)$.

(6) [5 marks] Find the point(s) on the curve with equation $\underline{r}(t) = (\cos t; \sin t; t)$ at which the curvature $= \frac{|\underline{r}' \times \underline{r}''|}{|\underline{r}'|^3}$ is maximal.

(7) [5 marks] Find the arc-length parametrization for the curve $\underline{r}(t) = (\cos t; \sin t; t)$, $t \geq 0$.

(8) [5 marks] The binormal $\underline{B}(t)$ is defined as $\underline{B}(t) = \underline{T}(t) \times \underline{N}(t)$, where $\underline{T}(t)$ is the unit tangent vector and $\underline{N}(t)$ is the unit normal vector of a smooth curve C at any point $\underline{r}(t) \in C$. Prove that $\underline{B}(t)$ and $\underline{B}'(t)$ are perpendicular.

(9) [5 marks] Evaluate the limit

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{xy \sin(xy)}{x^2 + y^2}.$$

(14) [5 marks] Find all critical points of $f(x; y) = xy - x^2 - y^2$ and classify them.

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(15) [5 marks] Prove that $f(x; y) = xe^x \cos y - ye^x \sin y$ is a solution of the partial differential equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} = 0:$$

(16) [5 marks] Compute the integral

$$\iint_R \frac{y + xy}{1 + y^2} dA$$

where R is the rectangle $[0; 2] \times [0; 1]$.

(17) [5 marks] Compute the integral

$$\iint_R xy dA$$

where D is the disc $\{(x, y) \mid x^2 + y^2 \leq 1\}$.

(18) [5 marks] Compute the volume of the tetrahedron bounded by the plane $x + y + z = 1$ and the three coordinate planes.

- (19) [5 marks] Use polar coordinates to compute the volume of the region lying below the cone with equation $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ and above the disc with equation $x^2 + y^2 \leq 1$.

(20) [5 marks] Evaluate

$$\iiint_E \mathbf{x} e^{(x^2+y^2+z^2)^2} dV$$

where E is the upper hemisphere

$$\{(x; y; z) \mid x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 1; z \geq 0\}:$$

(You may use the spherical polar coordinates: $x = \sin \theta \cos \phi$; $y = \sin \theta \sin \phi$; $z = \cos \theta$; $dV = \sin \theta \, d\theta \, d\phi \, dr$).