

Name: _____

Student ID: _____

WINTER 2012 FINAL EXAM

Calculus for Electronics Engineering Technology

Dawson College: Department of Mathematics

Date: May 22nd 2012, 9:30am to 12:30pm

Course Code: 201-NYA-05 Section 6

Examiner: Emilie Richer

INSTRUCTIONS:

- All questions are to be answered directly on the examination paper in the space provided. If you need more space for your answer use the back of the page.
- **SHOW ALL YOUR WORK:** Show all your work clearly and justify all your answers.
- Verify that your final examination copy has a total of 19 pages including the cover page.

Question	# Marks	
1	10	
2	6	
3	5	
4	5	
5	5	
6	5	
7	5	
8	5	
9	5	
10	12	
11	10	
12	12	
13	5	
14	5	
15	5	

Question 1. (10 marks (1 mark each))

Differentiate the following functions with respect to x .

(a) $f(x) = 4 \cos(x^2)$

(f) $f(x) = e^{\sin x}$

(b) $f(x) = 3^x + 2x$

(g) $f(x) = \ln$

Question 2. (6 marks (1 mark each))

Integrate the following.

(a)

$$\int 4x^3 - \bar{x} dx$$

(b)

$$\int (2x^2 - 3)^2 dx$$

(c)

$$\int 2x^3 + \cos x dt$$

(d)

$$\int e^x - \frac{1}{x} dx$$

(e)

$$\int \frac{2}{x^3} + e^\pi dx$$

(f)

$$\int \frac{41x^3 - 3x^2 + 1}{x} dx$$

Question 3. (5 marks)

Sketch a graph that satisfies all of the following conditions:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) = \infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x) = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} f(x) = -1$$

$$f(2) = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) \text{ does not exist}$$

$$f(0) = 3$$

Question 4. (5 marks)

Evaluate the following limits. If the limit does not exist, determine if its one-sided limits tend to $\pm\infty$.

(a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x-1}{x-1}$

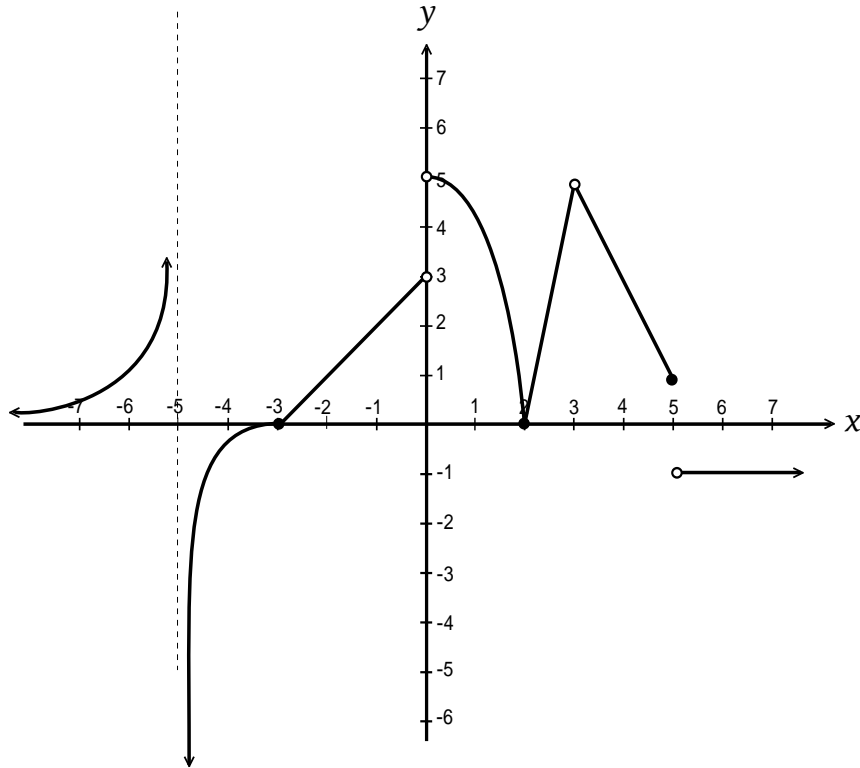
(b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^2+3x+2}{x^2-1}$

(c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x^2+3x^4-7x}{2x^3+2}$

(d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x^7-x^8+2}{3x^8-7}$

Question 5. (5 marks)

Use the graph of $y = f(x)$ pictured above to find the following values. If the value does not exist, write *DNE*.



(a) $f(0)$ = _____

(h) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x)$ = _____

(b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5^+} f(x)$ = _____

(i) $f(5)$ = _____

(c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -5^+} f(x)$ = _____

(j) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x)$ = _____

(d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} f(x)$ = _____

(k) $f(-1)$ = _____

(e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x)$ = _____

(l) $\int_{-3}^0 f(x) dx$ = _____

(f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} f(x)$ = _____

(m) $\int_5^7 f(x) dx$ = _____

(g) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3^-} f(x)$ = _____

Question 6. (5 marks)

Sketch the curves $y = 2 \cos x$, $y = 1$ and find the area between them for $0 \leq x \leq \pi$.

Question 7. (5 marks)

Use logarithmic differentiation to find the derivative of the function $y = (\cos x)^{2x}$

Question 8. (5 marks)

Find the value of the constant a if the slope of the tangent line to the curve $y = -6ax^2 + 6x + 4$ at $x = -2$ is equal to 3.

Question 9. (5 marks)

Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve $f(x) = e^{2x} - 3x$ at the point $(0, 1)$.

Question 10. (12 marks (3 marks each))

Find the derivatives of the following functions.

(a) $h(t) = e^{\cos(4t)}$

(b) $g(z) = 3z^{-2} \ln(\sin z)$

(c) $f(x) = \log_3(\tan(x^3))$

(d) $g(x) = (2x - 1)(\sin(4x))(e^{-x})$

Question 11. (10 marks)

Sketch the graph of $f(x) = x^3 - 3x$. Find and clearly identify on the sketch the following:

(a) The x and

(d) The intervals where $f(x)$ is concave up/down and any points of inflection

SKETCH OF $f(x) = x^3 - 3x$

Question 12. *12 marks (3 marks each)*

Integrate the following.

(a)

$$\int \frac{-2 \sin(2x)}{\cos 2x} dx$$

(b)

$$\int (20x^4 - 18x^2)(2x^5 - 3x^3)^{-8} dx$$

(c)

$$\int \sin^3 x \cos^2 x \, dx$$

(d)

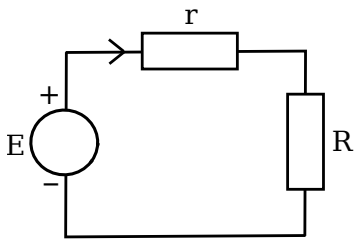
$$\int_{-1}^4 x \sqrt{8-x} \, dx$$

Question 13. (5 marks)

A discharged ($V_c = 0$ at $t = 0$) 4mF capacitor is to be charged by a current of $i = 25e^{1-0.75t}$ mA. Find the capacitor voltage (V_c) at $t = 135$ ms.

Question 14. (5 marks)

In the electric circuit shown below, the voltage $E = 5$ (in volts) and resistance $r = 100$ (in ohms) are constant, R is the resistance of a load.



In such a circuit, the electric current i is given by $\frac{E}{r+R}$ and the power P delivered to the load R is given by $P = Ri^2$.

Given that R is positive, determine the value of R so that the power P delivered to R is a maximum.

Question 15. (5 marks)

Use implicit differentiation to find the y in the following equations.

(a) $x^2y^3 + x + 2y = 0$

(b) $\ln(x \sin y) + y = x^2$

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Name: _____