DAWSON COLLEGE DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY & CHEMICAL TECHNOLOGY

PRACTICE FINAL EXAMINATION

INTRODUCTION TO COLLEGE CHEMISTRY

Print your Name:	
Student Number:	
INSTRUCTORS:	Please circle the name of your instructor:
INSTRUCTIONS:	

1.

2. a)	Wri	te the names of	the following compounds:	(5 marks)
	i)	FeSO ₄		-
	ii)	KNO_2		-
	iii)	Ca(OH) ₂		-
	iv)	NiCO ₃		-
	v)	H_2SO_4		

b)	Write the chemical formulas for the following compounds:						(5 marks)
	i)	ammonium	n nitrate			_	
	ii)	aluminum	oxide			_	
	iii)	copper (I)	sulfide			_	
	iv)	perchloric	acid			_	
	v)	cobalt (II)	bromide			_	
	vi)	nitric acid				_	
	vii)	disulfur de	cafluoride			_	
	viii)	silver chlor	ride			_	
	ix)	copper (II)	chloride dihydrate			_	
	x)	sodium cya	anide			_	
3. a)	Dete	ermine the o	xidation state (charge	e) of each atom in the	following comp	oounds:	(3 marks)
	i)	$KMnO_4$	K:	Mn:		0:	
	ii)	Na_2O_2	Na:	O:			
	iii)	$\operatorname{Cr_2O_7^{2-}}$	Cr:	O:			

4.

7.	Using check marks	in the appropriate boxes	classify each of	the reactions given below as:
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	J	6

(I) Oxidation-Reduction (Redox)

(II) Acid-Base

(III) Precipitation (Ppt.)

Note that for each reaction more than one choice may apply.

(3 marks)

		I. Redox	II. Acid-Base	III. Ppt.
a)	\rightarrow			
b)	\rightarrow			
c)	\rightarrow			
d)	\rightarrow			
e)	\rightarrow			

8. Complete the table below by providing the symbol of each atom and putting a check mark (§ À 🏲

b) The following are some physical and chemical properties of metals and nonmetals. Match the stated properties in column one with the type of element (metal or nonmetal) that can exhibit the given property. State your answer in column two

(6 marks)

Properties	Match
Have high melting point	
Have no lustre	
Mostly hard but malleable	
May combine with each other	
Have high electrical conductivity	
Most have high densities	
Will generally not be ductile but rather brittle	

9. Complete the following table by providing the missing information:

(9 marks)

Nuclear	Atomic	Mass	Number of	Number of	Number of
Symbol	Number	Number	Neutrons	Electrons	Protons
32 16		32		16	
			45		35
	12	24			
		7		3	

10	Answer true or false	for each of the following	questions below (circle	vour choice):	(5 marks
10.	1 ms wer true or raise	TOI CUCII OI LIIC IOIIOWIIIE	questions below (check	your choice.	(U IIIuI No

a) In a chemical reaction matter can be created and destroyed.
b) Neutrons and protons are subatomic particles found in the nucleus of an atom.

c) When atoms combine in a chemical reaction to form T F compounds they do so in simple whole number ratio.

d) Atoms of one element are usually similar to atoms T F

12. When 2.50 g potassium superoxide, KO_2 , reacts with 4.50 g carbon dioxide according to the $\underline{unbalanced}$ chemical equation:

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0.799 g oxygen gas are produced. Calculate:

- a) The theoretical yield of oxygen.
- b) The percent yield of oxygen in this reaction.

(5 marks)

13.	a)	a) Perform the following molar concentration calculations:			
		i) Calculate the molar concentration of 5.55 g	in 125 mL of solution.	(2 marks)	
		ii) Calculate the molar concentration of ammonium ammonium phosphate.	i ion in a 0.333 M solution of	(2 marks)	
	b)	Concentrated nitric acid is available as a 16 M solu	tion. What valume of concentrated		
	U)	nitric acid must be diluted with distilled water to pr		(2 marks	

14. a) Given that 24.0 mL of 0.170 M sodium iodide reacts with 0.209 M mercury (II) nitrate

15. a) A 5.00 L sample of krypton gas contains 1.51 x 10^{24} atoms at 25°C. What is the pressure of the krypton gas in units of atm?

(2 marks)